PASSIVE VOICE

What is the difference?

- I ate the shark.
- I was eaten by the shark.

Passive Voice: Past Forms

~ Be + past tense (+ aspect) + past participle

Main verb: Interrupt

- Simple Past
 - Was/were + past participle
 - I was interrupted, they were interrupted
- Past Progressive (Continuous)
 - Was/were + being
 - I was being interrupted, they were being interrupted
- Past Perfect
 - Had + been + past participle
 - I had been interrupted,
 she had been interrupted

Past Participle Examples:

apple, eat → The apple was eaten students, teach → The students were taught

children, punish → The children were being punished breakfast, make → Breakfast was being made

Emily, give → Emily had been given every chance people, see → People had been seen at the club

Practice 1: Change to passive

Simple past (active)

- A stranger <u>saw</u> the dog.
- The cat startled us.
- Past continuous (active)
 - They were taking care of me.
 - Someone was holding you back.
- Past perfect (active)
 - I <u>had told</u> them to wait outside.
 - Doctors <u>had advised</u> him not to drink.

- Simple past (passive)
 - The dog was seen by a stranger.
 - We were startled by the cat.
- Past continuous (passive)
 - I was being taken care of.
 - You were being held back.
- Past perfect (passive)
 - They had been told to wait outside.
 - He had been advised not to drink.

Practice 2: Make the passive

- Simple past
 - She _____ (see) by the doctor
 - We _____ (startle) by the cat
- Past continuous
 - You ____ (hold) against your will
 - I _____ (tell) what to do
- Past perfect
 - They _____ (ask) to bring food
 - He _____ (warn) not to smoke

- Simple past
 - She was seen by the doctor.
 - We were startled by the cat.
- Past continuous
 - You were being held against your will.
 - I was being told what to do.
- Past perfect
 - They had been asked to bring food.
 - He had been warned not to smoke.

WHICH PRACTICE DID YOU PREFER?

Passive Voice: Present Forms

~ Be + present tense (+ aspect) + past participle

- Simple Present
 - Am/are/is + past participle
 - I am interrupted, she is interrupted
- Present Progressive (Continuous)
 - Am/are/is + being
 - I am being interrupted, he is being interrupted
- Present Perfect
 - Have/has + been + past participle
 - I have been interrupted, she has been interrupted

Practice 1: Change to passive

- Simple present (active)
 - My boss <u>approves</u> my timesheet.
 - This movie interests us.
- Present continuous (active)
 - They are helping me.
 - People <u>are bullying</u> you.
- Present perfect (active)
 - Someone <u>has ruined</u> my life.
 - Programmers <u>have fixed</u> his computer.

Answers

- Simple present (passive)
 - My timesheet is approved by my boss.
 - We are interested in * this movie.
- Present continuous (passive)
 - I am being helped (by them).
 - You are being bullied.
- Present perfect (passive)
 - My life has been ruined.
 - His computer has been fixed.

*Usually the passive is followed by **by**, but it is paired **with** other prepositions in certain expressions.

Practice 2: Make the passive

- Simple present
 - She _____ (visit) by a ghost
 - We _____ (shock) by the news
- Present continuous
 - You ____ (hold) against your will
 - I _____ (tell) what to do
- Present perfect
 - They _____ (ask) to bring food
 - He _____ (warn) not to smoke

- Simple present
 - She **is visited** by a ghost.
 - We **are shocked** by the news.
- Present continuous
 - You **are being held** against your will.
 - I am being told what to do.
- Present perfect
 - They have been asked to bring food.
 - He has been warned not to smoke.

Passive Voice: Future Forms

~ future + Be (+ aspect) + past participle

- Simple Future (will)
 - Will + be + past participle
 - I will be interviewed, they will be interviewed
- Future Progressive (Continuous)
 - Will + be + being (extremely rare)
 - I will be being interviewed, they will be being interviewed
- Future Perfect
 - Will + have + been + past participle
 - I will have been interviewed, she will have been interviewed

- Simple Future (be going to)
 - Present be going to + be + past participle
 - I am going to be interviewed,
 they are going to be interviewed

Note: The modal verbs could, should, would, must, may, might use the same grammar patterns as will. For usage, they function in the **Present** category. Can is only used in simple passive.

Practice 1: Change to passive

- Simple future (will) (active)
 - The florist <u>will make</u> the bouquets.
 - The chef will bake the cake.
- Simple future (be going to) (active)
 - They <u>are going to serve</u> dinner.
 - People are going to inspire you.
- Future perfect
 - Millions <u>will have seen</u> this video.
 - The mechanics <u>will have fixed</u> my car.

- Future present (passive)
 - The bouquets will be made by the florist.
 - The cake **will be baked** by the chef.
- Future continuous (passive)
 - Dinner is going to be served.
 - You are going to be inspired.
- Future perfect
 - This video will have been seen by millions.
 - My car will have been fixed.

Practice 2: Make the passive

- Simple future (will)
 - She _____ (visit) by a ghost
 - They _____ (shock) by the news
- Simple future (be going to)
 - The new baby _____ (adore) by all
 - The homework _____ (grade)
- Future perfect
 - They _____ (ask) to bring food
 - The meeting _____ (finish)

- Simple future (will)
 - She will be visited by a ghost.
 - They **will be shocked** by the news.
- Simple future (be going to)
 - The new baby is going to be adored by all.
 - The homework is going to be graded.
- Future perfect
 - They will have been asked to bring food.
 - The meeting will have been finished.

PASSIVE: PAST MEANING



Simple.

Action by someone else, focus on effects (e.g., I was annoyed by you.)

Action by unknown agent, description (e.g., *The candles were lit.*)

Event, agent unnecessary (e.g., 300 babies were born that vear.)



Progressive.
Actions in progress
(e.g., Our hotel room was being prepared.)

Projects (e.g., Some classes were being transferred online.)

Relative future (e.g., The trash was being collected later) — informal



Perfect.

Status that started before the main past time (e.g., That art had been owned by the museum since March.)

Action in the past, before the main time (e.g., All of the money had already been spent.)



Perfect Progressive.

RARE. Past situation in progress that started in the earlier past. Specific start (e.g., I had been being bullied since 9th grade) or duration (e.g., I had been being lied to for years!) Note: Usually, the perfect is better.

PASSIVE: PRESENT MEANING



Simple.

Action by someone else, focus on effects (e.g., I am annoyed by you.)

Action by unknown agent, description (e.g., The candles are lit.)

Event, agent unnecessary (e.g., 300 babies are born each day.)



Progressive.

Actions in progress (e.g., Your room is being prepared for you.)

Current projects (e.g., Some classes are being transferred online.)

Near future (e.g., The garbage is being collected later)



Perfect.

Status that started in the past and continues (e.g., That art has been owned by the museum since March.)

Action in the past, focus on current completion (e.g., All of the money has been spent.)



Perfect Progressive.

RARE. Situation in progress that started in the past. Has a specific start (e.g., I have been being bullied since 9th grade) or duration (e.g., I have been being lied to for years!) Note: Usually, the perfect is better.

PASSIVE: FUTURE MEANING



Simple.

Prediction (e.g., Meat will be sold at a higher price next year)

Decision/Offer (e.g., You will be given assistance.)

Commands (e.g., I will be obeyed.)

Assign roles (e.g., Tom, you'll be helped by Ari.)



Progressive.

Actions in progress (e.g., I'll be being interviewed at 12:30)

Prediction of project (e.g., The road will be being completed that week)



Perfect.

Action or status that will be completed before the main future moment (e.g., In 2022, 8 shrines will have been restored.

In 2023, I will have been employed in Japan for 3 years.)



Perfect Progressive.

Action in progress in the future that started before then. Has a specific duration (e.g., When he arrives, the work will have been progressing for 5 months.)

PASSIVE: FUTURE MEANING (2)



Passive (be going to).

Only the simple aspect of be going to is used in passive.

Plan: He's going to be put in jail.

Warning: You're going to be hurt!

Assign roles: You're going to be assigned to Tokyo.